



ADV F7232

## Medium Brachytic Dwarf

- Brachytic dwarf genetics provide stout stalks for excellent standability
- Exceptional digestibility from BMR-6
- Great yield for maturity
- Excellent silage choice

## CHARACTERISTICS & RATINGS

**Medium** Relative Maturity

**105-110** Days to Soft Dough Stage

**BMR-6** Midrib

**14-18** Seeds/Lb (1,000) – check seed bag

Yield for Maturity	1
Forage Quality Potential	1
Palatability	1
Digestibility	1
Seedling Vigor	2
Recovery After Cutting	3
Plant Uniformity	3
Standability	1
Downy Mildew	4
Anthrachnose	2
Fusarium Wilt	1

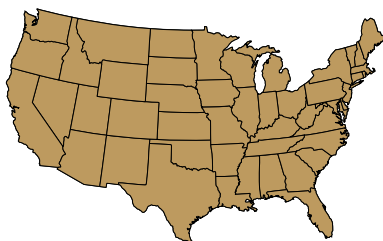
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1  
Poor Excellent

Based on Alta Seeds research trials relative to other Alta Seeds products.

### Recommended Seeding Rates:

Vary depending on local growing conditions.

Please see your Alta Seeds retailer for local recommendations.



■ Primary area of adaptation

## CROP USE

Silage	1
Dry Hay	Not Rated
Continuous Grazing	Not Rated
Rotational Grazing	Not Rated

ADV F7232 is a medium season forage sorghum with excellent yield for maturity and superior forage quality potential. This BMR-6 forage sorghum provides exceptional nutritional value, while its brachytic dwarf trait adds a much tighter distance between internodes and allows for better standability. ADV F7232 is adaptable and well-suited for full or limited irrigation or high-yield dryland.

## FIELD POSITIONING

Tough Dryland	MA
High Yield Dryland	HS
Limited Irrigation	HS
Full Irrigation	HS
No-Till	HS
Poorly Drained Soils	S
Anthrachnose Prone Area	HS
Fusarium Prone Area	S

Observed Suitability and Field-by-Field Positioning

HS = Highly Suitable

S = Suitable

MA = Manage Appropriately

X = Poor Suitability



ADV F7232

## FORAGE SORGHUM MANAGEMENT AND PRODUCTION GUIDE:

### STRENGTHS:

- BMR-6 characteristic offers excellent nutrition for high quality forage that is highly digestible
- Great yield for maturity
- Brachytic dwarf trait adds a much tighter distance between internodes, allowing for better standability
- Adaptable and well-suited for full or limited irrigation or high yield dryland

### SEEDING:

- Dryland Rows: 70,000-90,000 Seeds/Acre  
Irrigated 30" Rows: 80,000-100,000 Seeds/Acre  
Drilled (Dryland or Irrigated): 80,000-100,000 Seeds/Acre
- Avg. Seeds per Pound: 14,000-18,000
- Soil temperature must be at least 60° F
- Planting depth should be 1.5" (into moisture)
- Seeding rate is important. Follow recommended plant populations for your area.
- Can be no-tilled into the stubble of winter and spring crops

### FERTILITY:

- A soil test is highly recommended to establish a baseline of fertility requirements.
- Nitrogen fertility should not exceed 125 pounds per acre including available nitrogen in the soil.
- Potassium levels should be kept up, particularly if the soil pH is lower than 6.2.
- If soil pH is above 7.5, a foliar application of iron may be necessary or Iron Chlorosis (yellowing of the leaves) may be a problem. This can be corrected by foliar feeding iron while plants are still young.

### HARVEST:

- ADV F7232 is usually harvested 105-110 days after emergence.
- Harvest at soft dough stage for optimal yield and nutrition.

## AVOIDING NITRATE AND PRUSSIC ACID POISONING FROM SORGHUM:

- Avoid large nitrogen applications prior to expected drought periods which can increase Prussic Acid concentration for several weeks after application.
- Do not harvest drought-damaged plants within four days following a good rain.
- Do not greenchop within seven days of a killing frost.
- Cut at a higher stubble height – nitrates tend to accumulate in the lower stalk.
- Wait one month before feeding silage to give Prussic Acid enough time to escape.